Exploiting NERSC systems for Bioinformatics

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The Challenges and some Work Arounds

- Scheduling policies don't facilitate through-put workloads
- No local disks

- Longer wait times

- Restricted environment on compute nodes

- Limited external network connectivity

- Use tools like MySGE and taskfarmer to batch up work
- Use Cacher if possible

- Target large workloads that block other work

- Use CRAY_ROOTFS=DSL

- Use a tcp relay on a front-end node

Why does NERSC not provide better support for serial jobs?

- **DOE requires NERSC to meet certain metrics related to job sizes.**

- **Scheduling policy favor large jobs to insure they can get run**

- **Cray systems are optimized for running parallel jobs.**

Running high-throughput workloads can still be done and systems like Hopper are big enough to make this worth while.

- **Allocation: m342 4M hours**
- **Magellan Serial queue (-q mag_serial)**
- **Advanced reservations**
- **Task Farmer (blastalltf)**
- **MySGE**
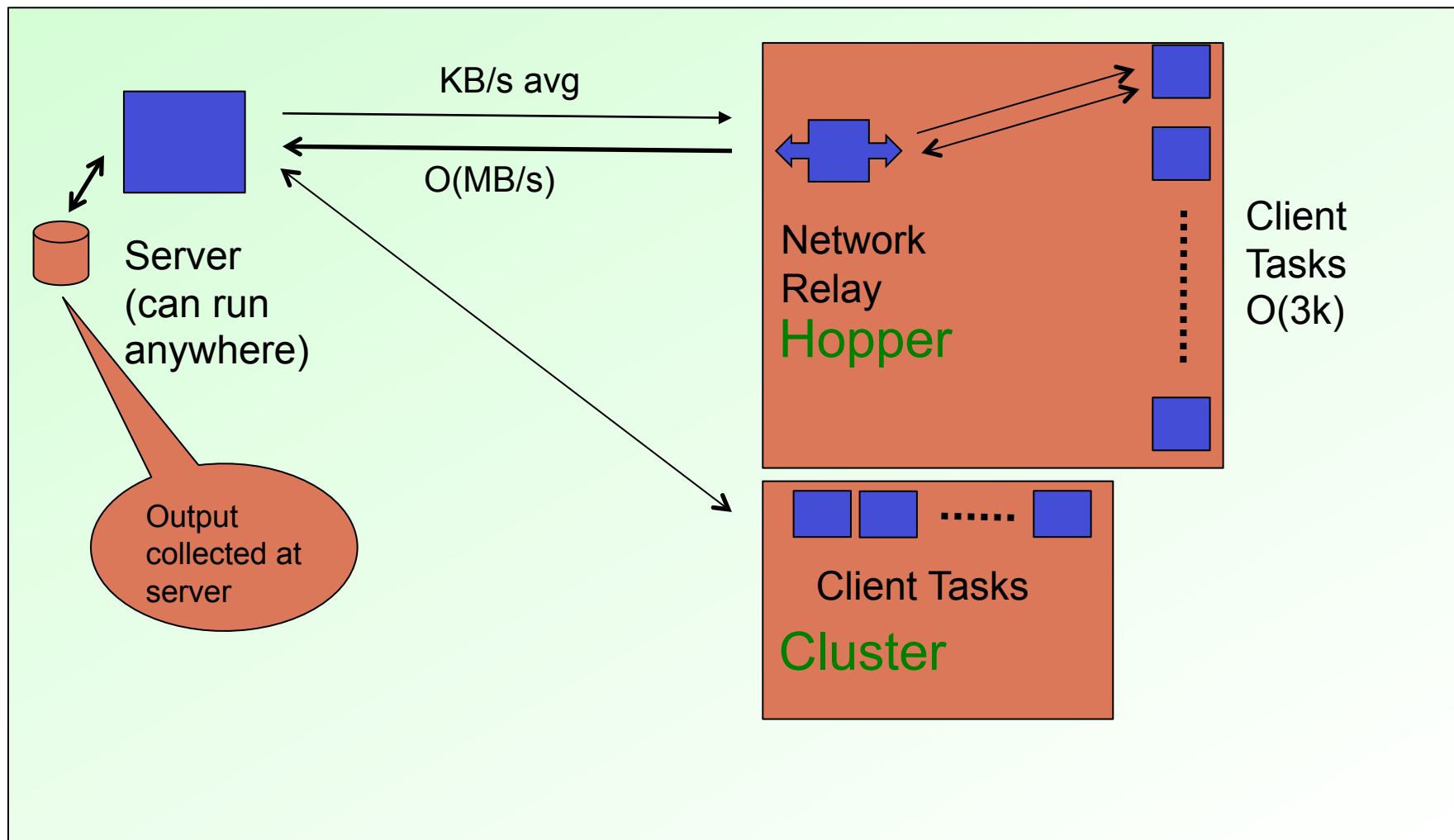- **Cacher**
- **Ported applications**

Task Farmer

- **A framework for running serial codes against a large fasta file (assumes that order is not important)**

- **Can run with an arbitrary number of compute nodes.**

- **Will automatically re-run steps after a timeout window**

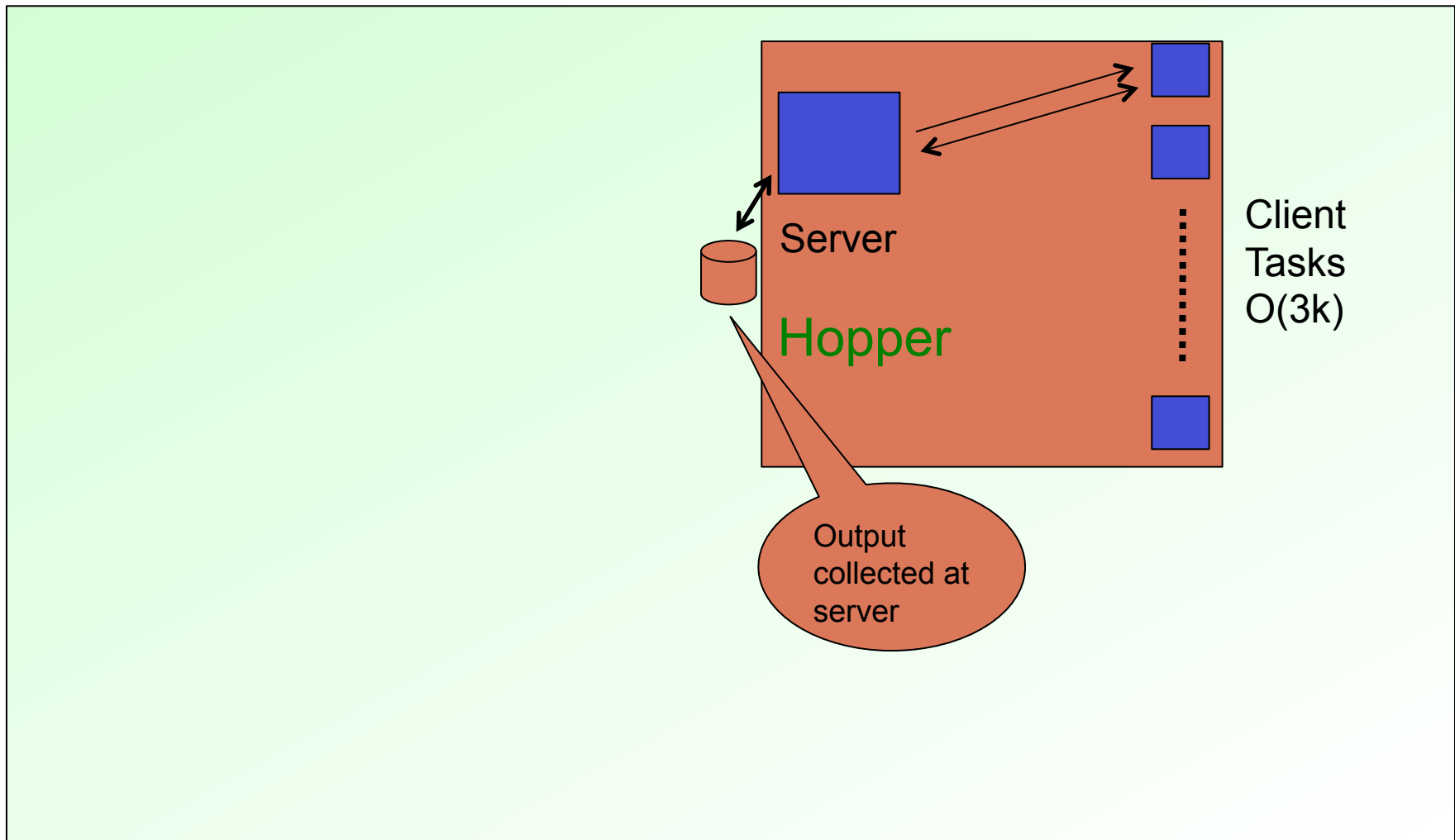- **Output is automatically aggregated to the server**

Architecture (Distributed Mode)

Architecture (Local Mode)

Server

Hopper

Client
Tasks
O(3k)

Output
collected at
server

Task Farmer Details

- **Server takes Fasta input and splits it on the fly into small batches (default 32 sequences)**

- **Clients request a batch of sequences from server**

- **Each iteration is tracked for completion**

- **Output is sent back to server and appended to the output filename**

Running BLAST

- **Add this to your dot file….**

```
module use --append /usr/common/tig/Modules/modulefiles
module use --append /usr/common/jgi/Modules/modulefiles


module load taskfarmer/1.3
```

```
#!/bin/sh

#PBS -N blastp
#PBS -q regular
#PBS -l mppwidth=7200,mppnppn=24,walltime=1:00:00
#PBS -A m342
#PBS -V

cd $PBS_O_WORKDIR

#
# Setup task farmer
export TF_HOME=/global/common/carver/tig/taskfarmer/stats/
export STAGE=$TF_HOME/share/taskfarmer/stage.cacher
export PATH=$PATH:/project/projectdirs/genomes/apps/bin:$TF_HOME/bin
```

```
# Specify the entire path to the database.  This is used by the stage script to cache
# the DB on the compute nodes.  So don't just change the tfrun line.
# When you copy files to Lustre scratch, be sure to increase the stripe count to improve
# performance.  Here is how...
# mkdir $SCRATCH/db
# lfs setstripe $SCRATCH/db -c -1
# cp </path/to/db/nr*> $SCRATCH/db/
#
export DB=/scratch/scratchdirs/canon/db/nr
```

```
# Tweaks.  You can tune the batch size so that each step takes a reasonable amount of time.
# The batch size is the number of sequences processed in each step.
export BATCHSIZE=16
# Max expected time to process the previous number of sequences.  Adjust appropriately.
export SERVER_TIMEOUT=2700

# This can be used to monitor progress.  View...
# https://portal-auth.nersc.gov/project/genomes/stats/tfs.html?source=/project/genomes/sf/
    status-contigs.js
export STATUSFILE=/project/projectdirs/genomes/www/sf/status-contigs.js

# Game time.  tfrun will handle launching the compute processes.
# Merge all your inputs into one mongo file.
tfrun blastall -i mer330.faa -o mer330.faa.blastout -d $DB -p blastp -e 10 -F "m S" -m 9
```

Task Farmer Considerations

- **Try to determine a good estimate of your run time**

- **Adjust the timeout or batch size to insure that enough time is allowed for each iteration**

- **Use the stage.cacher to cache DB files.**

- **Reduce output as much as possible**

- **Start small and dial up.**

- **Starts a parallel job using the system scheduler**

- **Spawns an SGE scheduler as the users**

- **Uses aprun to launch SGE execution daemons on the compute nodes (as the user)**

- **User submits to the personal SGE scheduler to run jobs**

Demonstration

MySGE Considerations

- **While the virtual private cluster is running, your NERSC repo is getting charged (even if the cores are idle).**

- **Still need to consider I/O issues. Launching a 1024 jobs can create a large IO load**

Ported Applications

Thanks to Rob Egan, Alex Copeland, and others for starting to port applications

- **ABySS**
- **Bowtie**
- **BWA**
- **bio-perl**

Final Notes

- **MySGE and Taskfarmer are home-grown and still under development (expect bugs)**

- **Hopper is currently overloaded (long waits)**

- **NERSC is looking at methods to natively support serial jobs (stay tuned)**