

Agenda

- What are Workflows?
- Workflow Resources at NERSC
- Best Practices







What Are Workflows?

- A workflow is a problem better solved by inserting automation tools between the user and computational resources.
 - Workflow Management Tools (WMT) are the software systems that perform that automation.
- What can get better?
 - Perform repetitive, urgent, or recovery tasks automatically.
 - Streamline the use of Slurm or transferring data.
 - Organize large amounts of data.
 - Collect and report information about workflow progress.







Generic Workflow Examples

- "I need to run my application thousands of times."
- "My data needs several stages of processing with different applications running in an ordered sequence."
- "My applications each have a 2% chance of crashing and needing to be rerun."
- "I want my application to run once a month."









Workflow Resources at NERSC







What NERSC Is Doing To Support Workflows

- Specialized infrastructure, software, and support
- Workflows Working Group
 - Formed September 2019 Laurie Stephey (DAS), Bjoern Enders (DSEG), Bill Arndt (DSEG)
 - Thorough evaluation of many WMT
 - Documentation and guidance refresh
 - Outreach to users, facilities, tool developers, and infrastructure providers







WMT Documentation And Guidance

- https://docs.nersc.gov/jobs/workflow-tools/
 - Detailed information, examples, pitfalls, and suggestions regarding specific tools and use cases
 - Expanding and refining as our tool evaluation continues
- We want to get tickets about workflow management tools
 - We gain experience and knowledge about what users need
 - We can then use that experience to help other users







Slurm Crontab (scrontab)

- crontab is the standard linux solution for running something on a schedule
- On Perlmutter, crontab usage provided by scrontab
- Interface is same as crontab, but it isn't tied to a single machine; scrontab anywhere sees the same list and losing a node does not prevent them from running
- It is provided by slurm; there are #SCRON directives to communicate requested wall time, account to link to usage, etc.
- Current request limits are 2 cores and 24 hours walltime







scrontab and workflows

- A workflow QOS is being added for scrontab jobs
- Much longer maximum wall time
 - o At least a month but policy may allow longer
- Up to 32 cores available
- Access requires filling out a service now form at help.nersc.gov







SPIN

- SPIN is a platform for hosting services related to use of NERSC resources and data hosted by NERSC
- Use SPIN to deploy your own science gateways, workflow managers, databases, API endpoints, and other network services.
- Training sessions and specialized support are available if you decide to set up a service in SPIN.
 - The next SPIN training session will be on October 5th







Superfacility API

- NERSC provides an application programming interface (API) that allows resources outside of Perlmutter to make requests and issue commands there
- A service running in SPIN (or completely outside of NERSC) can submit HPC jobs by using this interface









Best Practices







GNU Parallel Is Great for Many Small Tasks

```
elvis@cori07:~> seq 1 5 | parallel -j 2 'echo \
 "Hello world {}!"; sleep 10; date'
Hello world 1!
Thu Jun 11 00:21:00 PDT 2020
Hello world 2!
Thu Jun 11 00:21:00 PDT 2020
Hello world 3!
Thu Jun 11 00:21:10 PDT 2020
Hello world 4!
Thu Jun 11 00:21:10 PDT 2020
Hello world 5!
Thu Jun 11 00:21:20 PDT 2020
elvis@cori07:~>
```

- Packed jobs have massively reduced total queue wait
 - Can also pack single-node tasks into multiple node jobs
- No risk of Slurm overload
- Run combinations of tasks in parallel and sequence
- Easy input substitution
 - If you need it, much more power is available
- Superior to task arrays, too
- See documentation







Data Centric Workflow Management Tools

- "I have many different applications and data types chained together in a network of dependencies."
- Plenty of options. Snakemake and Parsl are two examples
 - See documentation
- Pitfalls:
 - Many tools assume cloud availability and can't cope well with queue waiting
 - Often lack job packing
 - Naive Slurm integration can use too many requests
 - Risks with networked filesystems







