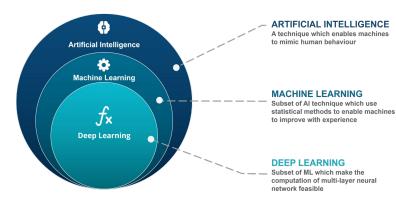
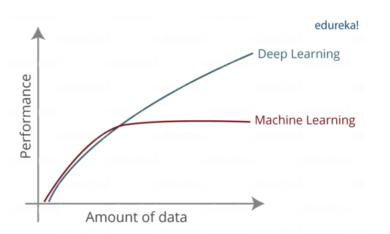
Deep Learning at NERSC

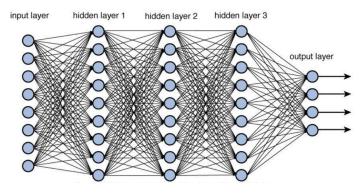


NERSC New User Training September 8, 2023 Steven Farrell Data, AI, and Analytics Services

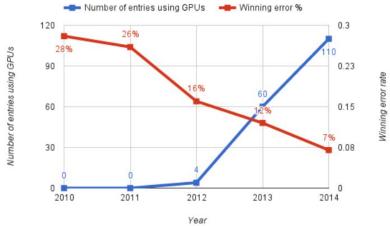
The Deep Learning revolution







ILSVRC GPU Usage and Winning error rate



AI is transforming science

Across all domains

• Especially those with Big Data

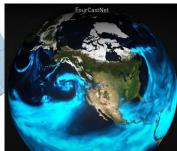
Across many application areas

- Analyzing data better, faster
- Accelerating expensive simulations
- Control + design of complex systems

Embraced by the DOE and other funding agencies

















Office of

Science

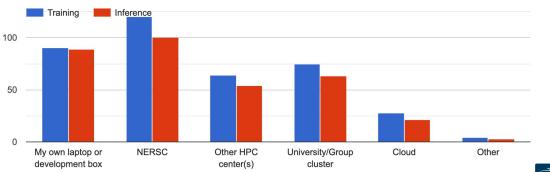
Growing scientific AI workload at NERSC

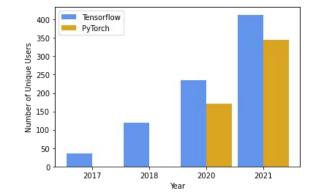
We track ML software usage

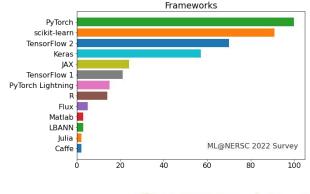
- Instrument user <u>python imports</u>
- DL users >10x from 2017 to 2021

Also track ML trends through 2-yearly survey







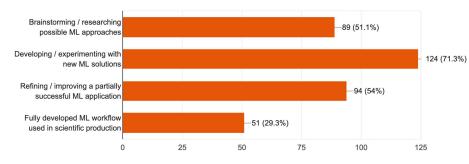


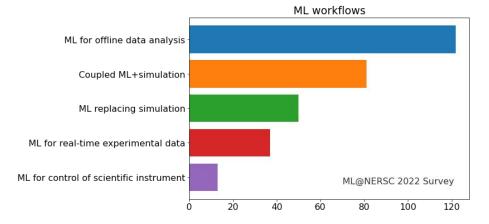


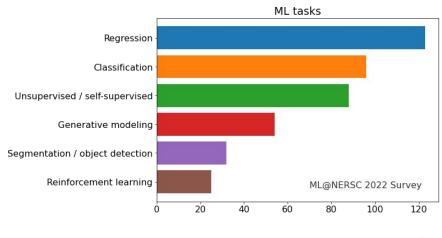


Scientific AI users Science domains Physics - General Astrophysics Computer Science Chemistry High Energy Physics Cosmology Earth and Environmental Science Applied Mathematics Engineering Biosciences Nuclear Physics Geosciences Medical Fusion Energy Science ML@NERSC 2022 Survey Materials Science 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 Ó 5

What is the level of maturity of ML in your research? (mark all that apply to your projects) 174 responses











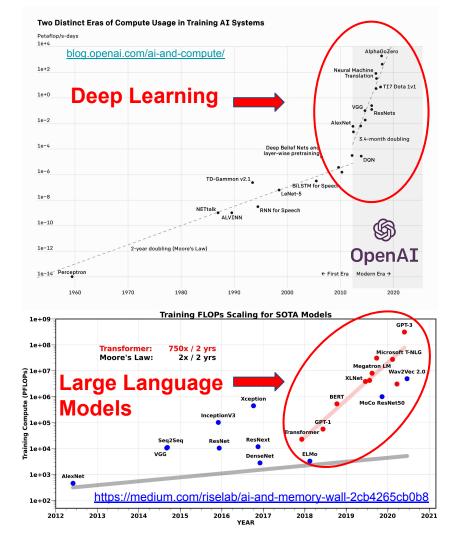
The need for HPC

Growing computational cost of training AI models

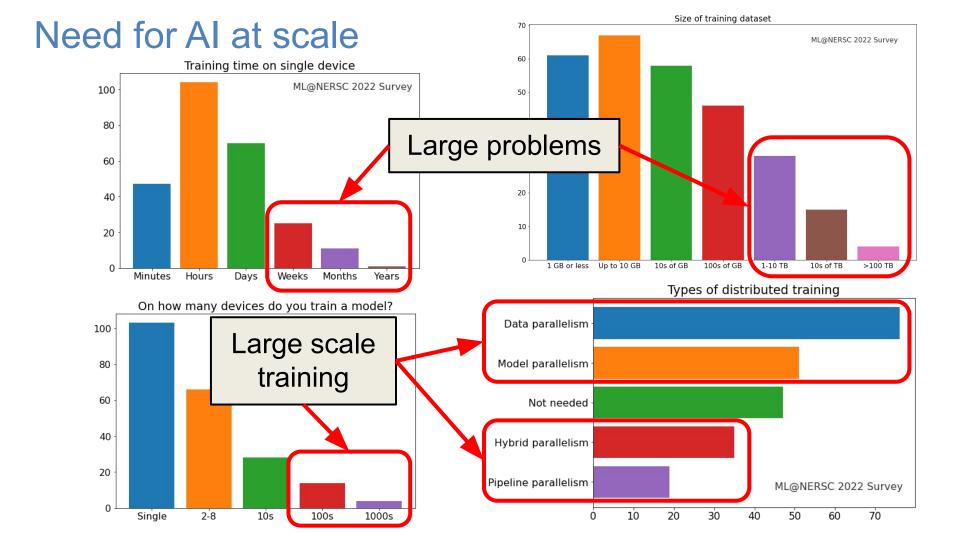
 bigger datasets + models, more complexity

Researchers need large scale resources

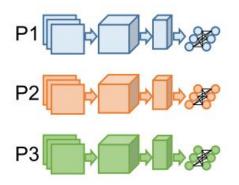
 Rapid iteration, reduce time to discovery

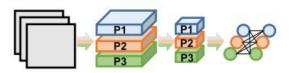


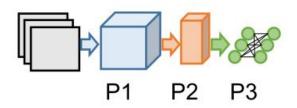




Deep Learning parallelization strategies







Data Parallelism

Model (tensor) Parallelism

Distribute input samples. Distribute network structure (layers).

Layer Pipelining Partition by layer.

Fig. credit: arXiv:1802.09941

Hybrid parallelism example: Megatron-Turing NLG 530B

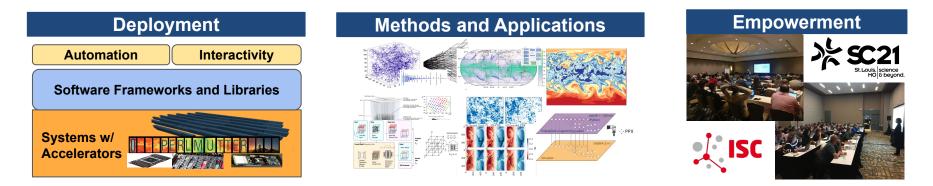
8







Current NERSC AI Strategy

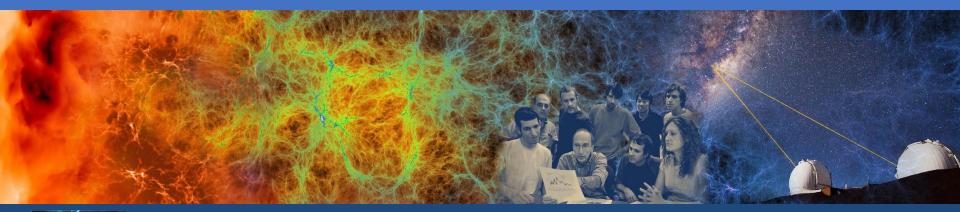


- **Deploy** optimized hardware and software systems
- **Apply** AI for science using cutting-edge methods
- *Empower* through seminars, workshops, training and schools





Deep Learning on Perlmutter: Software stack and best practices









Perlmutter deep learning software stack overview

General strategy:

- Provide functional, performant installations of the most popular frameworks and libraries
- Enable flexibility for users to customize and deploy their own solutions

Frameworks:



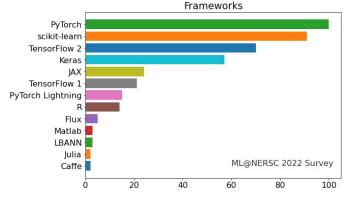
Distributed training libraries:

- Horovod
- PyTorch distributed
- NCCL, MPI

Productive tools and services:

• Jupyter, Shifter





https://docs.nersc.gov/machinelearning/





How to use the Perlmutter DL software stack

We have modules you can load which contain python and DL libraries:

```
module load tensorflow/2.9.0
```

```
module load pytorch/2.0.1
```

Check which software versions are available with:

```
module spider pytorch
```

You can install your own packages on top to customize:

```
pip install --user MY-PACKAGE
```

Or, clone a conda environment from our modules:

conda create -n my-env --clone /path/to/module/installation

Or, create custom conda environments from scratch:

conda create -n my-env MY-PACKAGES

More on how to customize your setup can be found in the docs (<u>TensorFlow</u>, <u>PyTorch</u>).





Containerized DL: using Shifter on Perlmutter

NERSC currently supports containers with Perlmutter via Shifter

• Easy, performant: our top500 entry used a container!

To see images currently available:

shifterimg images | grep pytorch

To pull desired docker images onto Perlmutter:

shifterimg pull <dockerhub_image_tag>

To use interactively:



shifter --module gpu --image=nvcr.io/nvidia/pytorch:22.05-py3

Use Slurm image shifter options for best performance in batch jobs:

```
#SBATCH --image=nersc/pytorch:ngc-22.05_v1
#SBATCH --module=gpu,nccl-2.15
srun shifter python my_python_script.py
```

Coming soon: Podman!



Best Practices for DL + Shifter on Perlmutter

NVIDIA provides containers optimized for deep learning on GPUs with

- Pytorch or TensorFlow+Horovod
- Optimized drivers, CUDA, NCCL, cuDNN, etc
- Many different versions available



We also provide images based on NVIDIA's, which have a few useful extras

You can also build your own custom containers (easy to build on top of NVIDIA's)

Notes

- <u>Customization</u>: from inside the container, do pip install --user MY-PACKAGE (make sure to set \$PYTHONUSERBASE to a custom path for the desired container)
- NVIDIA NGC containers use OpenMPI, which requires specific options if you require MPI. Instructions: <u>https://docs.nersc.gov/development/shifter/how-to-use/#shifter-mpich-module</u>



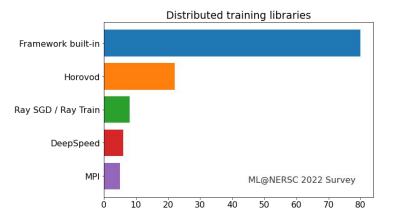


Distributed Training Tools

Framework built-in

- PyTorch DistributedDataParallel (DDP)
- TensorFlow Distribution Strategies
- Other popular libraries
 - Horovod: MPI+NCCL, easy to use, examples
 - Lightning: DDP + convenient features
 - DeepSpeed: ZeRO optimizations, 3D parallelism
 - Ray: DDP + HPO
 - LBANN: multi-level parallelism, ensemble learning, etc., docs
- **Communication backends**
- NCCL is the backend of choice for GPU nodes on Perlmutter
- The NCCL OFI plugin (from AWS) enables RDMA performance on the libfabric-based Perlmutter Slingshot network (see our docs)









General guidelines for deep learning at NERSC

NERSC documentation: <u>https://docs.nersc.gov/analytics/machinelearning/overview/</u>

Use our provided modules/containers if appropriate

- They have the recommended builds and libraries tested for functionality and performance
- We can track usage which informs our software support strategy

For developing and testing your ML workflows

- Use interactive QOS or Jupyter for on-demand compute resources
- Visualize your models and results with TensorBoard or Weights & Biases

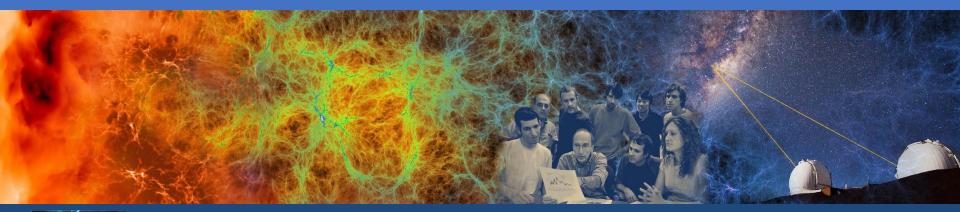
For performance tuning

- Check cpu/gpu utilization to indicate bottlenecks (e.g. with top, nvidia-smi)
- Data pipeline is the most common source of bottlenecks
 - Use framework-recommended APIs/formats for data loading
 - Use multi-threaded data loaders and stage data if possible
- Profile your code, e.g. with Nvidia Nsight Systems or TensorBoard Profiler





Deep Learning on Perlmutter: Workflow tools









Jupyter for deep learning

JupyterHub service provides a rich, interactive notebook ecosystem on Cori

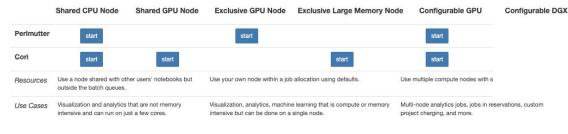
- Very popular service with hundreds of users
- A favorite way for users to develop ML code

Users can run their deep learning workloads

- on dedicated Perlmutter GPU nodes
- using our pre-installed DL software kernels
- using their own custom kernels













TensorBoard at NERSC

TensorBoard is the most popular tool for visualizing and monitoring DL experiments, widely adopted by TensorFlow and PyTorch communities. We <u>recommend</u> running TensorBoard in Jupyter using <u>nersc-tensorboard helper module</u>.

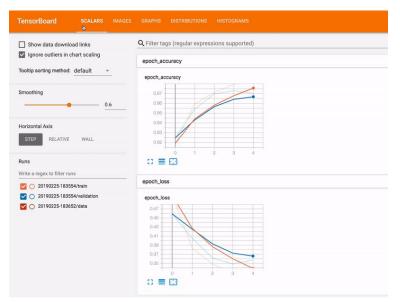
import nersc_tensorboard_helper

%load_ext tensorboard

%tensorboard --logdir YOURLOGDIR --port 0

then get an address to your TensorBoard GUI:

nersc_tensorboard_helper.tb_address()







Hyper-parameter optimization (HPO) solutions

Model selection/tuning are critical for getting the most out of deep learning

- Many methods and libraries exist for tuning your model hyper-parameters
- Usually very computationally expensive because you need to train many models
 => Good for large HPC resources

Helpers / examples

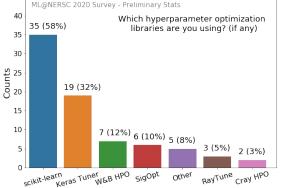
RAY tupe

- W&B template (new)
- Ray cluster helper (new)

Users can use whatever tools work best for them

SIGOPT

• Ask us for help if needed!









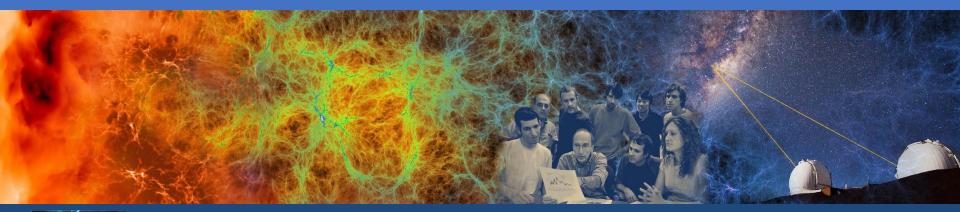
Weights & Biases





Office of Science

Outreach & additional resources









Training events

The Deep Learning for Science School at Berkeley Lab (<u>https://dl4sci-school.lbl.gov/</u>)

- Comprehensive program with lectures, demos, hands-on sessions, posters
- 2019 material (videos, slides, code) online: <u>https://sites.google.com/lbl.gov/dl4sci2019</u>
- 2020 webinar series material: https://dl4sci-school.lbl.gov/agenda

The Deep Learning at Scale Tutorial

- Jointly organized with NVIDIA (+ previously Cray, ORNL)
- Presented at SC18-22, ECP Annual 2019, ISC19
- Detailed lectures + hands-on material covering distributed training, scaling, profiling, and optimization on Perlmutter
- See the full SC22 material here
- Accepted for SC23 (w/ more model parallelism)
- **NVIDIA AI for Science Bootcamp**
 - <u>2022 event</u>
 - <u>2023 event</u> (Oct 18, *apply now!!*)
- **NERSC Data Seminar Series:**
 - <u>https://github.com/NERSC/data-seminars</u>







Conclusions

Deep learning for science is here and growing

- Powerful capabilities
- Enthusiastic community
- Increasing HPC workloads

Perlmutter has a productive, performant software stack for deep learning

- Optimized frameworks and solutions for small to large scale DL workloads
- Support for productive workflows (Jupyter, HPO)

Join the NERSC Users Slack

Take the ML@NERSC Survey





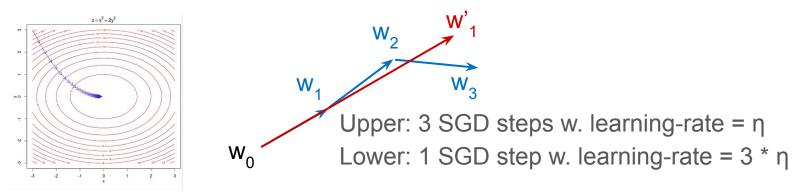
Thank You and Welcome to NERSC!



Data-parallel training considerations

Weak scaling: converge faster by taking fewer, bigger, faster steps

• i.e., more GPUs, larger batch sizes, larger learning rates



Caveat: for stability & convergence, requires tuning

- Warm-up+scale learning rate, adaptive optimizers, etc
- See our <u>SC21 "Deep Learning at Scale" tutorial</u> for more tips





Model parallelism

Why you might try model parallelism

- to fit larger models
- for speedup (results may vary)

Generally, you can combine multiple types of parallelism

- mention some example like nvidia megatron
- <u>https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/research/blog/using-deepspeed-and-megatr</u> on-to-train-megatron-turing-nlg-530b-the-worlds-largest-and-most-powerful-g enerative-language-model/

Disclaimer: not much content today

- mention some tools
- mention plans for SC23 tutorial





Guidelines - TensorFlow distributed training

TensorFlow at NERSC docs:

https://docs.nersc.gov/analytics/machinelearning/tensorflow/

TensorFlow

For distributed training, we recommend using Horovod

- Easy to use and launch with SLURM
- Can use MPI and NCCL as appropriate
- Horovod examples:

https://github.com/horovod/horovod/tree/master/examples

TensorFlow has some nice built-in profiling capabilities

• TF profiler in TF 2: <u>https://www.tensorflow.org/guide/profiler</u>









Office of

Science

Guidelines - PyTorch distributed training

PyTorch at NERSC docs:

https://docs.nersc.gov/analytics/machinelearning/pytorch/



For distributed training, use PyTorch's DistributedDataParallel

- Simple model wrapper, native to Pytorch
- Works on CPU and GPU
- Highly optimized for distributed GPU training
- Docs:

https://pytorch.org/tutorials/intermediate/ddp_tutorial.html

Distributed backends

On Perlmutter, use the NCCL backend for optimized GPU communication





What are we working on now?

Inference serving Platforms / ecosystems for AI workflows and MLOps Podman-hpc for AI Large scale distributed training, HPO, inference from Jupyter notebooks





Deep Learning is transforming science

It can enhance various scientific workflows

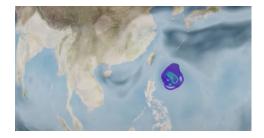
- Analysis of large, complex datasets
- Accelerating expensive simulations

Adoption is on the rise in the science communities

- Rapid growth in ML+science conferences
- Recognition of AI achievements: 2018 Turing Award; 2018, 2020 Gordon Bell prizes
- HPC centers awarding allocations for AI, optimizing next-gen systems for AI

The DOE is investing heavily in AI for science

- Funding calls from ASCR (and other funding agencies)
- Popular, enthusiastic Al4Science town hall series, 300 page report







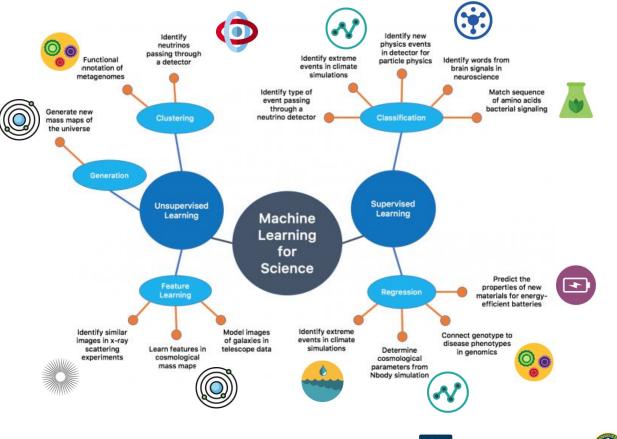








Scientific ML: endless possibilities!



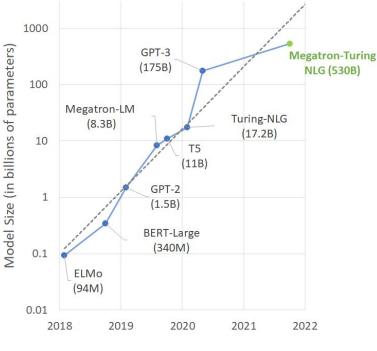






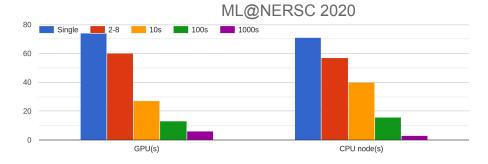
Office of Science

More complex tasks, bigger models, more compute



Credit: NVIDIA

At what scale do you train your models? (include current and future plans).



Models get bigger and more compute intensive as they tackle more complex tasks

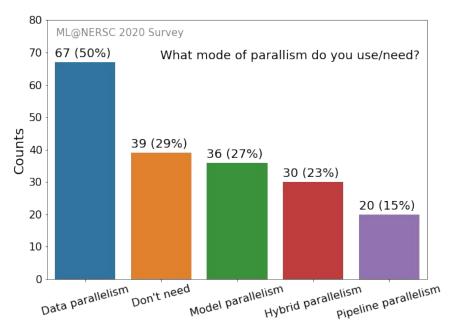




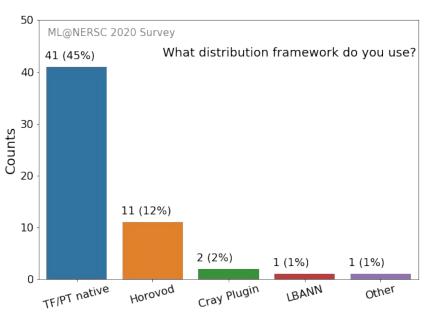




Deep Learning parallelization strategies



Data parallelism is the most common strategy in practice, especially for inter-node scaling.



TensorFlow and PyTorch support data and intra-node pipeline parallelism natively. Horovod is the leading non-native distribution framework. All support MPI and/or NCCL backends.



