



Workshop Day-1 Summary

Large Scale Computing and Storage Requirements
for Biological and Environmental Research
Joint BER / ASCR / NERSC Workshop

NERSC

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

May 7-8, 2009





Summary

- Users need for more resources for DOE SC computing
 - But we need more concrete, science-based justification
- Need for predictable throughput
 - Microbial Genomics and GFDL ESM
 - Need to differentiate between real-time needs and higher desired batch turnaround
 - Slow batch turnaround time may be because of queue policy or because of insufficient resources



Summary

- Data management issues transcend all science areas, multiple projects
 - Exponentially increasing
 - Some disagreement on volume at a single site



Summary

- Users see need for guidance / help in programming models for multicore
 - Need training, advice, consulting support, deployment of software choices on production machine



Summary

- Better support for workflows
 - Kepler/SDM
 - Microbial informatics special workflow needs
 - Computational “beamline” workflow & reliable turnaround, production-line rate
 - ESG



Summary

- Portals and data hosting:
dynamomeomics.org as an example
 - ESG, GFDL, subsurface effort soon
- I/O rates need improvement
 - Need to drill down further
 - Need ASCR investment to maintain infrastructure
- Use coupled simulation as a benchmark



Summary

- Expanded view of pentagon
- Clear support for staggered deployment of NERSC systems



Summary

- Improved system stability
 - What can NERSC do improve system
 - What can NERSC do to help users mitigate
 - Community needs more training in fault tolerance
- Low-latency MPI messages
- Problems scaling CG
 - ALL_Reduce performance
 - Wonder about other solver choices



Some Recommendations

- What are the specific scientific problems that can be solved with significant improvements in computing?
- Need to be sure to link specific computational needs to scientific discoveries within 5-year timeframe.
 - “Increased resolution” too vague